Show that for  $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$ ,  $\tan x > 0$ .

$$f(x) = \tan x$$

$$f(x) = sec^2x$$

min 
$$\sec^2 \chi \leq \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} = f'(c) \leq \max_{0 \leq \chi \leq \frac{\chi}{2}} \sec^2 \chi$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 1  $\leq \frac{\tan(b)-\tan(a)}{b-a} \leq \infty$ 

$$=$$
  $\rightarrow$   $+an(b)-+an(a) > b-a$ 

Let 
$$b \neq a$$
 and  $a = 0$ .

Since 
$$b \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$$
 and  $b>0$ ,

: 
$$tan \chi > 0$$
 for  $0 < \chi < \frac{\pi}{2}$ .